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Introduction and Menus

To begin in English, Press 1

We at Cochlear want to maximize your sound processor listening experience. We look forward to hearing your telephone success stories after using this program.

To get started please chose from the following three options:

For today's word list, Press 1 For today's short passage, Press 2 For today's long passage, Press 3 To repeat these options, Press 4

Week 3 - Gems & Minerals

Welcome to today's word list.

Word List Voice: Male

- 1. Jade
- 2. Diamond
- 3. Amethyst
- 4. Gold
- 5. Aquamarine

That completes today's word list. Call back tomorrow and listen to a new word list.

To read what you have listened to please go to http://hope.cochlearamericas.com/listening-tools/telephone-training

To go back to the main menu, Press 1 To repeat this word list, Press 2



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Welcome to today's short passage.

Short Passage Voice: Female, Accent

Minerals are naturally occurring substances formed by geological processes. They are usually solid and feature a crystal structure as well as specific physical properties and chemical composition.

That completes today's short passage. Call back tomorrow and listen to a new short passage.

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Welcome to today's long passage.

Long Passage Voice: Female

Gold is one of the most popular and well-known minerals, known for its value and special properties since the earliest of time. Most of the natural Gold specimens that have been found since early times have been smelted for production. Nice specimens, therefore, are regarded very highly, and are worth much more than the standard gold value. Only recently have more specimens been available to collectors, as more miners have been saving some of the larger pieces for the collectors market. Gold in its natural mineral form almost always has traces of silver, and may also contain traces of copper and iron. A Gold nugget is usually 70 to 95 percent gold, and the remainder mostly silver.

The color of pure Gold is bright golden yellow, but the greater the silver content, the whiter its color. Much of the gold mined is actually from gold ore rather than actual Gold specimens. The ore is often brown, iron-stained rock or massive white Quartz, and usually contains only minute traces of gold. To extract the gold, the ore is crushed then the gold is separated from the ore by various methods. Gold nuggets, a popular form of Gold with collectors, are formed when erosion causes a large piece of Gold to separate from its mother rock, and then gets carried into a stream or river. The flowing water



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tumbles the Gold, giving it its distinct rounded shape. The Gold eventually settles at the bottom of the water, and due to its heaviness remains there. Other nuggets also get caught in the same area, forming a placer deposit. Gold is one of the heaviest minerals.

When pure, it has a specific gravity of 19.3. Due to its weight, it can be panned because the Gold sinks to the bottom. In addition, it can be easily separated from other substances due to the weight differences. Gold is also the most malleable and ductile substance known. It can be flattened out to less than .00001 of an inch and a 1 oz. mass can stretch out to a distance of over 50 miles. Gold is also one of the most resistant metals. It won't tarnish, discolor, crumble, or be affected by most solvents. This adds on to the uniqueness and allure of this mineral.

That completes today's long passage. Call back tomorrow and listen to a new long passage.

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