EN-US English



Cochlear[™] Osia[®] Implants Important information for Osia implant recipients

About this document

This document applies to Cochlear[™] Osia[®] implants and sound processors. It is intended for Osia implant recipients and their carers.

Read this document carefully!

The information in this document contains important safety warnings and cautions relating to the device and its use. These warnings and cautions relate to:

- Implant recipient safety
- Device function
- Environmental conditions, and
- Medical treatments.

Before starting medical treatment, discuss the medical treatment warnings in this document with the recipient's physician.

Additional details on device use and care are included in the user guides and product information supplied with the device. Please read these documents carefully – they may contain additional warnings and cautions.

Symbols used in this document

-

Note

Important information or advice.



Caution (no harm)

Special care to be taken to ensure safety and effectiveness. Could cause damage to equipment.



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Warning (harmful)

Potential safety hazards and serious adverse reactions. Could cause harm to person.

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For implant recipients

Cochlear devices are designed to be safe and effective. However, it is also essential that you take care when using them.

This section contains warnings and precautions for safe and effective use of your device. You should also refer to your user guide for specific warnings and cautions related to the use of external components.

MARNING

This section includes general warnings to ensure your personal safety.

Small parts hazard

Small parts and accessories could be hazardous if swallowed or cause choking if ingested or inhaled.

Overheating

Remove your processor immediately if it becomes unusually warm or hot, and seek advice from your clinician.

Uncomfortable sound levels

If the sound becomes uncomfortable, remove your external equipment immediately and contact your clinician.

If you have two processors (one for each ear), always wear the processor programmed for your left ear on the left and the processor programmed for your right ear on the right.

Using the wrong processor could also affect the performance of the system.

Head trauma

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A blow to your head in the area of the Osia implant could damage the implant and result in its failure.

Impact to external components (e.g. sound processor) while being worn could result in damage to the device or injury.

Pressure

Do not apply continued pressure to the sound processor when in contact with the skin as this may result in pressure sores, e.g. sleeping/lying on sound processor or using tight fitting headwear.

If the magnet in the sound processor is too strong or is in contact with the skin, pressure sores may develop at the implant site. If this happens or if you experience any discomfort in this area, contact your clinician.

Batteries

Batteries could be hazardous if used incorrectly. For information on safe battery use refer to your external component user guides.

Adverse environments

Operation of your Osia System could be adversely affected in environments of high magnetic field strength and high electric field strengths, e.g. close to high power commercial radio transmitters.

Seek medical advice before entering any environment that may adversely affect the operation of your implant, including areas protected by a warning notice preventing entry by patients fitted with a pacemaker.

⚠ CAUTION

This section includes general cautions to ensure safe and effective use of your Osia System, and to avoid causing damage to system components.

General use

Use your Osia System only with cleared devices and accessories listed in the user guide. If you experience a significant change in performance, turn off your processor and contact your clinician.

Your processor and other parts of the system contain complex electronic parts. These parts are durable but must be treated with care.

No modification of external equipment is allowed. If your processor is modified or opened by anyone other than Cochlear's qualified service personnel, the warranty is invalid.

Sound processor

Each processor is programmed specifically for each implant.

Your processor's sound quality could be intermittently distorted when you are within approximately 1.6 km (~1 mile) of a radio or television transmission tower. The effect is temporary and will not damage your processor.

Theft and metal detection systems

You could experience a distorted sound sensation when passing through or near one of these devices. Devices such as airport metal detectors and commercial theft detection systems produce strong electromagnetic fields.

The materials used in your Osia implant may activate metal detection systems. Carry the Cochlear Patient Identification Card with you at all times.

Turn off your processor if near or passing through a theft and metal detection system.

Mobile telephones

Some types of digital mobile telephones, e.g. Global System for Mobile communications (GSM) as used in some countries, may interfere with the operation of your external equipment. You could perceive a distorted sound sensation when close, 1-4 m (~3-12 ft), to a digital mobile telephone in use.

Air travel

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Some airlines request that passengers turn off portable electrical devices, such as laptop computers and electronic games, during take-off and landing or whenever the seat belt sign is illuminated. Your processor is considered to be a medical portable electronic device.

Notify airline personnel that you are using an implant system that allows you to hear. They can then alert you to safety measures, which may include the need to switch your processor off. When boarding a flight, wireless functionality must be deactivated because radio signals must not be transmitted during flights.

TO ACTIVATE FLIGHT MODE:

- 1. Turn off your sound processor by opening the battery door.
- 2. Press the button and close the battery door at the same time.
- 3. If enabled, audio and visual signals will confirm that flight mode is activated.

TO DEACTIVATE FLIGHT MODE:

Turn the sound processor off and then on again (by opening and closing the battery door).

Scuba diving

The maximum diving depths when using an Osia implant is 40 m (~131 ft). Seek medical advice before participating in a dive to ensure you do not have any conditions that might make diving contraindicated, e.g. middle ear infection. When wearing a mask, avoid pressure over the implant site. Do not wear the sound processor under water unless it is inside a waterproof container, such as the Aqua+ accesory and it has the waterproof batteries.

Electromagnetic interference with medical devices

Osia sound processors meet defined international Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) and emission standards. However, because the sound processor radiates electromagnetic energy, it is possible that it could interfere with other medical devices such as cardiac pacemakers and implantable defibrillators when used nearby. It is recommended that you keep your sound processor at least 30 cm (12 in.) away from devices which could be subject to electromagnetic interference. For added assurance, also consult the recommendations provided by the device manufacturer.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Remove the processor before engaging in activities that create extreme electrostatic discharge, such as playing on plastic slides. In rare cases, a discharge of static electricity can damage the electrical components of the Cochlear Osia system or cause your sound processor to shut down.

If static electricity is present (for example when removing or putting on clothes over your head, or getting out of a vehicle), before the Cochlear Osia system contacts any object or person you should touch something conductive, such as a metal door handle. If you stop hearing and suspect your sound processor received a discharge of static electricity, turn it off and then on again. If the problem continues, contact your clinician or a Cochlear representative.

Magnetic fields

Magnetic fields that are very close to an Osia implant can affect the operation of the implant. These magnetic fields can be created by magnets that are stronger than the Osia Sound Processor coil magnets.

If you stop hearing and suspect that you have a strong magnetic field close to the location of the Osia implant, move away from the source of the magnetic field. Hearing will then return. If the problem continues, contact your clinician or a Cochlear representative.

For parents and carers of implant recipients

MARNING

This section includes general warnings for parents and carers of implant recipients to ensure recipient safety. Please also read the user guide, which contains specific warnings on external component use, and the information earlier in this document.

Small parts hazard

Keep small parts and accessories out of reach of children.

Small parts and accessories could be hazardous if swallowed or cause choking if ingested or inhaled.

Strangulation

Parents and carers are advised that unsupervised use of long cables (such as the safety line) may present a risk of strangulation.

Overheating

Parents and carers should touch the processor to check for heat if the recipient is showing signs of discomfort.

Remove the processor immediately if it becomes unusually warm or hot, and seek advice from your clinician.

Uncomfortable sound levels

Carers should routinely check that the system is working at a comfortable volume level. If the sound becomes uncomfortable, remove the external equipment immediately and contact your clinician.

If the recipient has two processors (one for each ear), ensure they always wear the processor programmed for their left ear on the left and the processor programmed for their right ear on the right.

Head trauma

Young children who are developing motor skills are at greater risk of receiving an impact to the head from a hard object, e.g. table or chair.

A blow to the head in the area of the Osia implant could damage the implant and result in its failure.

Impact to external components (e.g. sound processor) while being worn could result in damage to the device or injury.

Pressure

Carers should routinely check the skin over the implant site. Continued pressure to the sound processor when in contact with the skin may result in pressure sores, e.g. sleeping/lying on sound processor or using tight fitting headwear or headband. If the magnet in the sound processor is too strong or is in contact with the skin, pressure sores may develop at the implant site. If this happens, contact your clinician.

For discussion with physicians of implant recipients

Having a Cochlear Osia implant means extra care must be taken when receiving some medical treatments. Before starting medical treatment, the information in this section should be discussed with the recipient's physician.

The sound processor must be removed before starting any of the medical treatments listed in this section.

Medical treatments generating induced currents, heat and vibration

Some medical treatments generate induced currents that may cause tissue damage or permanent damage to the implant. Before initiating any of the following treatments deactivate the device.

▲ WARNING

Warnings for specific treatments are provided below.

Diagnostic and therapeutic ultrasound

The implant has been designed to withstand diagnostic ultrasound. It has been tested to the following parameters:

- centre frequency: 3.5 MHz \pm 0.175 MHz
- duty cycle: 20 % ± 1 %
- intensity (ISPTA) \geq A x 1 500 mW/cm²

The device must be turned off during diagnostic ultrasound. Do not expose the device to therapeutic ultrasound.

Diagnostic and therapeutic ionising radiation

The implant can be exposed to diagnostic ionising radiation (x-rays, CT scans). The device must be turned off during exposure to ionising radiation. Do not expose the device to a total dose greater than 70Gy of therapeutic ionizing radiation.

Electrosurgical equipment

Bipolar electrosurgical instruments can be used provided the electrodes are kept more than 1 cm from the device.

The device must be turned off while bipolar electrosurgical instruments are used near the head or neck.

Monopolar electrosurgical instruments must not be used on the head or neck after the device has been implanted.

Therapeutic or medical diathermy

Do not use therapeutic or medical diathermy on the head or neck. Therapeutic or medical diathermy may be used below the neck.

Neurostimulation

Do not use neurostimulation over the implant.

Defibrillator

Do not place defibrillator electrodes in direct contact with the device.

Electroconvulsive therapy

Do not use electroconvulsive therapy on an implant patient under any circumstances. Electroconvulsive therapy can cause tissue damage or damage to the implant.

MRI safety information



The Cochlear Osia implant is MR Conditional.

MRI examinations can be performed safely on a person with this implanted device only under very specific conditions.

MRI examinations performed under different conditions may result in severe patient injury or device malfunction.

Full MRI safety information is available:

- In the Cochlear[™] Osia[®] Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Guidelines
- By visiting www.cochlear.com/mri
- By calling your nearest Cochlear office contact numbers are available on the back cover of this guide.

Refer to the MRI Guidelines for a complete list of Warnings and Cautions.



Cochlear sound processors and accessories are MR Unsafe. The patient must remove all external components of their Cochlear Osia system before entering a room where an MRI scanner is located.

What is an MRI?

Radiologists/MR technologists are medical specialists experienced in diagnosing disease and injuries using a range of imaging techniques.

One of these imaging techniques is magnetic resonance imaging (MRI).

MRI is a diagnostic tool to obtain images of organs and tissues using a very powerful magnetic field measured in tesla (T). MR scans can range in strength from 0.2 T to 7 T, with 1.5 T being the most common.

Safety concerns for medical device implants and MRI

Due to the powerful magnetic and radio-frequency fields, medical device implants with metallic or ferromagnetic components such as pacemakers, defibrillators, catheters, pumps and Osia implants can create problems for MR scans. The risks include the potential for device repositioning, localised heating, unusual sounds or sensations, pain or injury and distortion of the MR image.

Cochlear Osia implants and MRI compatibility

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To ensure MRI compatibility, Cochlear Osia implants contain a removable magnet. The magnet is easy to remove and replace if needed. In the rare case that a recipient needs serial MR scans, a non-magnetic plug is available to prevent fibrous tissue growing in the implant magnet recess.

The Cochlear Osia implant is cleared for MR scans under specific conditions at 1.5 T with the magnet in place and at 3 T with the magnet removed.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration

The OSI200 Implant is intended for use in the electromagnetic environments specified in this document.

Electromagnetic emissions

Emission test	Compliance	Guidance	
RF emissions CISPR 11 / EN 55011, Group 1	Class A (programming mode) Class B (stand-alone mode)	The device is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic	
RTCA DO160G: 2010, Section 21, Category M	RTCA DO160G: 2010, Section 21, Category M		
Voltage fluctuations/ flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3 Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Not applicable	purposes.	

Table 1: Electromagnetic emissions.

Electromagnetic immunity

Electromagnetic imr	munity		1	Immunity	Compliance	Guidance
ImmunityComplianceGuidanceESD, IEC 61000-4-2 The functionality is assessed by monitoring the stimulation signal.+/- 8 KV contact, +/-15 KV air dischargeRemove the processor before engaging in activities that create extreme electrostatic discharge, such as playing on plastic slides. In rare cases, a discharge of static electricity can damage the electrical components of the Cochlear Osia system or cause your sound processor to shut down. If static electricity is present (for example when removing or putting on clothes over your head, or getting out of a vehicle), before the Cochlear Osia system contacts any object or person you should touch something conductive, such as a metal door handle. If you stop hearing and suspect your sound processor received a discharge of static electricity, turn it off and then on again. If the problem continues, contact your clinician or a Cochlear representative.	emove the processor before engaging activities that create extreme ectrostatic discharge, such as aying on plastic slides. In rare cases, discharge of static electricity can amage the electrical components of e Cochlear Osia system or cause your	 	Radiated RF: IEC 61000-4-3, 80MHz to 2.7GHz The functionality is assessed by monitoring the stimulation sinusoidal audio signal.	3 V/m (programming mode) 10 V/m (stand- alone mode)	See guidance below	
	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 	Radiated RF: EN 45502-2-3 Section 27.4 The functionality is assessed by monitoring the stimulation sinusoidal audio signal.	As specified in EN 45502-2-3:2010 Section 27.4	None		
	sound processor received a discharge of static electricity, turn it off and then on again. If the problem continues, contact your clinician or a Cochlear representative.	learing and suspect yourMagnetic field.essor received a dischargeEN45502-2-3:stricity, turn it off and thenSection 27.3the problem continues,The functionalityr clinician or a Cochlearis assessed	EN45502-2-3: Section 27.3 The functionality	As specified in EN 45502-2-3:2010 Section 27.3	None	
Power frequencies: ISO 14708-3 / EN 45502-2-3: 50Hz and 60Hz The functionality	O 14708-3 / ENpeaklevels characteristic of a typical location5502-2-3: 50Hzin a typical commercial or hospitalad 60Hzenvironment	the stimulation sinusoidal audio signal.				
is assessed by monitoring the stimulation sinusoidal audio			Ta	ıble 2: Electromagneti	c immunity.	

signal.

Radio frequency (RF) guidance

Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the devices, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.

Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:



NOTE

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These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people

EXPLANATORY NOTES

- a. Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/ cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the processor is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the processor should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the processor.
- b. Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

Recommended separation distances

The implant system is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment where the radiated RF disturbances are controlled.

To prevent electromagnetic interference, maintain a minimum distance between the portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the device as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Frequency band (MHz)	Rated maximum output power (W)	Separation distance (m)
380-390	1.8	0.3
430-470	2	0.3
704-787	0.2	0.3
800-960	2	0.3
1700-1990	2	0.3
2400-2570	2	0.3
5100-5800	0.2	0.3

Table 3: Recommended separation distances.

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in metres (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer. Recommended separation distance (d):

 $d = \frac{6\sqrt{P}}{E}$

where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey^a, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range^b.

Radio Frequency Identification (RFID)

RFID uses electromagnetic fields to automatically identify and track tags attached to objects. Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment that uses RFID.

Privacy and the collection of personal information

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During the process of receiving a Cochlear device, personal information about the user/ recipient or their parent, guardian, carer and hearing health professional will be collected for use by Cochlear and others involved in care with regard to the device. For more information please read Cochlear's Privacy Policy on www.cochlear.com or request a copy from Cochlear at the address nearest you. Cochlear Ltd (ABN 96 002 618 073) 1 University Avenue, Macquarie University, NSW 2109, Australia. Tel: +61 2 9428 6555 Fax: +61 2 9428 6352

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Please seek advice from your health professional about treatments for hearing loss. Outcomes may vary, and your health professional will advise you about the factors which could affect your outcome. Always follow the directions for use. Not all products are available in all countries. Please contact your local Cochlear representative for product information.

Cochlear, 科利耳, コクレア, 코클리어, Hear now. And always, Osia, SmartSound, the elliptical logo, and marks bearing an [®] or [™] symbol, are either trademarks or registered trademarks of the Cochlear group of companies (unless otherwise noted).

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